

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FOR PROFESSIONAL and/or INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

EPIKOTE[™] Resin MGS BPR 20

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : EPIKOTE[™] Resin MGS BPR 20

SDS Number : 16S-00181

Product type : Epoxy Resin

Other means of identification : UFI: 6YPP-PWV1-YW0V-3NXW

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use Epoxy Resin Systems

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier/Impor : Hexion GmbH

ter Gennaer Str. 2-4 58642 Iserlohn

Germany

Contact person : service@hexion.com

Telephone : General information

+31 (0)10 295 4000

1.4

Emergency telephone number

Supplier : CARECHEM24 Telephone number : +44 (0) 1235 239 670

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Corr./Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Dam./Irrit. 2 H319 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

(!)

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Wear protective gloves.

Wear eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment.

Response : IF IN EYES:

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.

Supplemental label elements : UFI: 6YPP-PWV1-YW0V-3NXW

2.3 Other hazards

Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable.

Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop ane	RRN: 01-2119456619- 26 EC: 216-823-5 CAS: 1675-54-3 Index: 603-073-00-2	>= 50 - < 75	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	RRN: 01-2119454392- 40-0000 EC: 701-263-0	>= 10 - < 25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	RRN: 01-2119485289- 22 EC: 271-846-8 CAS: 68609-97-2 Index: 603-103-00-4	>= 3 - < 5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open

airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting

Skin contact

Ingestion

Version: 5.0

unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first aid personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or

drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide halogenated compounds

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8 of SDS). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of SDS) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available
Industrial sector specific : Not available
solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

Recommended monitoring

procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredie	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
nt name					
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8.3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
nyl]propane bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	12.3 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
nyl]propane bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8.3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
nyl]propane bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe nyl]propane	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12.3 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe nyl]propane	DNEL	Short term Dermal	3.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe nyl]propane	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.75 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe nyl]propane	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.75 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe nyl]propane	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe nyl]propane	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.75 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe nyl]propane	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.75 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8.3 μg/cm ²	Workers	Local
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	DNEL	Long term Dermal	104.15 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	29.39 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	DNEL	Long term Dermal	62.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	8.7 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.25 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

Not available

DNEL/DMEL Summary

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop ane	PNEC	Fresh water	6 μg/l	
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop ane	PNEC	Marine	1 μg/l	
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop ane	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop ane	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	0.996 mg/kg dw	
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop ane	PNEC	Marine water sediment	0.1 mg/kg dwt	
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop ane	PNEC	Soil	0.196 mg/kg dw	
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	PNEC	Fresh water	0.003 mg/l	
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	PNEC	Marine	0.0003 mg/l	
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	0.294 mg/kg dw	
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	PNEC	Marine water sediment	0.0294 mg/kg dv	
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	PNEC	Soil	0.237 mg/kg dw	
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	PNEC	Intermittent Releases	0.0254 mg/l	

PNEC Summary : Not available

Derived No-Effect Levels' (DNEL's) and Predicted No-Effect Concentrations' (PNEC's)

Explanatory note:

REACH requires manufacturers and importers to establish and report 'Derived No-Effect Levels' (DNEL's) for humans by inhalation, ingestion and dermal routes of exposure and 'Predicted No-Effect Concentrations' (PNEC's) for environmental exposure. DNEL's and PNEC's are established by the registrant without an official consultation process, and are not intended to be directly used for setting workplace or general population exposure limits. They are primarily used as input values in running Quantitative Risk Assessment models (like the ECETOC-TRA model).

Due to differences in calculation methodology the DNEL will tend to be lower (sometimes significantly) than any corresponding health-based OEL for that chemical substance. Further although DNEL's (and PNEC's) are an indication for setting risk reduction measures, it should be recognized that these limits do not have the same regulatory application as officially endorsed governmental OEL's.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Material: 730 Camatril

Minimum break through time: 480 min

Material: 898 Butoject

Minimum break through time: 480 min

Producer: This recommendation is valid only for our Product as delivered. If this product will be mixed with other substances you need to contact a supplier of CE approved protective gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Tel. 0049 (0) 6659 87300, Fax.

0049 (0) 6659 87155, email: vertrieb@kcl.de).

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe

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working limits of the selected respirator.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be

checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of

environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be

necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

General protective measures : Chemical splash goggles or face shield. Chemical-resistant gloves.

Suitable protective footwear. Light protective clothing. Eyewash

bottle with clean water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid Color : Yellow

Odor : Not available (not measured)
Odor threshold : Not available (not measured)
pH : Not available (not measured)
Melting point/freezing point : Not available (not measured)

Initial boiling point and boiling : Greater than 200 °C

range

Flash point : Greater than 200 °C

Evaporation rate : Not available (not measured)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limitsLower: Not available (not measured)Upper: Not available (not measured)

Vapor pressure : Not available (not measured)
Vapor density : Not available (not measured)
Relative density : Not available (not measured)
Solubility(ies) : Not available (not measured)

Solubility in water : Insoluble

Partition coefficient: n
Not available (not measured)

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available (not measured)Decomposition temperature: Not available (not measured)

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available (not measured)

Kinematic: Not available (not measured)

Explosive properties : Not available (not measured)
Oxidizing properties : Not available (not measured)

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : Stable under normal conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions

will not occur.

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10.4 Conditions to avoid No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)pho	enyl]propane				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11,400 mg/kg	-	
Remarks - Oral:	Not acutely toxic	in multiple mouse and	d rat studies, LD50 > 1	2000 mg/kg of body	
	weight.				
Remarks - Inhalation:		w vapor pressure, sat		0.008 ppb,	
	meaningful acute	inhalation studies cou	ld not be conducted.		
Remarks - Dermal:		. 402 study the derma			
		al studies the LD50 w		e rabbit study	
		value of 23 grams/kg			
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2,000 mg/kg	-	
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether	, reaction mass of is	somers			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	> 2,000 mg/kg	-	
Remarks - Oral:	The acute oral me	dian lethal dose (LD5	0) in the Fischer 344	strain rat was found	
	to be greater than	2000 mg/kg bodywei	ght.		
Remarks - Inhalation:	In accordance wit	h REACH Annex VII	, the acute inhalation	study does not need	
	to be conducted as	s oral and dermal stud	ies are available for tl	nis substance.	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 2,000 mg/kg	-	
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	17,100 mg/kg	-	
Remarks - Oral:	In independent stu	ıdies based on standaı	d methods, the femal	e rat LD50 value was	
	> 2.0 grams/kg and the male rat LD50 value was = 26.8 grams/kg.				
Remarks - Inhalation:	No mortalities we	re observed in rats ex	posed for 7 hr to the s	aturated vapor (150	
	mg/m3).		-	• ,	

Acute toxicity estimates

No data available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
bis-[4-(2,3-	Skin -	Rabbit	1.5 - 2		-
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	Erythema/Eschar				
	404 Acute Dermal				
	Irritation/Corrosion				
	Skin - Edema 404	Rabbit	1.0 -		-
	Acute Dermal		1.5		
	Irritation/Corrosion				
	eyes 405 Acute	Rabbit	0		-
	Eye				
	Irritation/Corrosion				
	eyes - Redness of	Rabbit	0.7		-

	the conjunctivae				
	·	Rabbit		24.1	
	Skin - Moderate irritant			24 hrs	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit			-
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	Skin - Erythema/Eschar 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	0.7	4 hrs	72 hrs
	Skin - Edema 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	0	4 hrs	4 - 504 hrs
	eyes - Cornea opacity 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	0		1 - 168 hrs
	eyes - Iris lesion 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	0		1 - 168 hrs
	eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	0		1 - 168 hrs
	eyes - Edema of the conjunctivae 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	0		1 - 168 hrs
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	Skin - Primary dermal irritation index (PDII) OTS 798.4470 Acute Dermal Irritation	Rabbit	4.1	24 hrs	72 hrs
	Skin - Primary dermal irritation index (PDII) 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	5.75	24 hrs	72 hrs
	eyes - Cornea opacity 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	2		1 - 24 hrs
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result		
bis-[4-(2,3-	Skin	See Remarks	Sensitizing		
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane					
Remarks:	In an OECD No. 429 mouse LLNA study the estimated EC3 was a				
	concentration of 5.7% suggesting that BADGE is a moderate skin sensitizer in				
	this test system. In an OECD No. 406 guinea pig Maximization study BADGE				
	induced positive dermal reaction in 100% of the test animals at a 50%				
	concentration challenge dose. Therefore, BADGE is an "Extreme" skin				
	sensitizer under the conditions of this study. BADGE was also positive for				
	skin sensitization in an OECD N	o. 406 guinea pig l	Buehler method study.		

Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether,	Skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing		
reaction mass of isomers					
Remarks:	The Buehler method was employ	ed to evaluate the d	lermal sensitization		
	potential of Liquid BPFDGE Epo	oxy Resin. Ten male	e guinea pigs received 0.4		
	ml of test substance topically onc	e a week for three v	weeks. A positive control		
	of Liquid BPFDGE Epoxy Resin	was used on ten ad	lditional animals. The		
	challenge phase began two weeks later with an addition 5 animals exposed to				
	0.4 ml of Liquid BPFDGE Epoxy				
	reactions; the Liquid BPFDGE Epoxy Resin had 4 of 10 with positive reactions				
	and the positive control had 8 of				
	this study, the test material cause	d delayed hypersen	sitivity in guinea pigs.		
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	Skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing		
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.					
Remarks:	Sensitizing in a U.S. E.P.A. OTS test guideline no. 870.2600 Buehler method				
	study demonstrating positive dermal reactions in 20/20 guinea pigs. An				
	extreme sensitizer in an O.E.C.D. test guideline no. 406 guinea pig				
	Maximization study.				

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result	
bis-[4-(2,3-	-	; See Remarks	Positive	
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propan				
e				
Remarks:	BADGE induced gene-mutation in Ames/Salmonella tester strains TA1535 and TA100 in multiple studies. Generally, mutagenic activity was greater without liver S9 metabolic activation. Induced gene-mutation in L5178Y mouse lymphoma cells. Induced gene-mutation and chromosome damage in Chinese hamster V79 cells. Induced cell transformation in Syrian hamster BHK cells based on clonal growth in soft agar.			
	-	; Mammalian-	Negative	
		Animal		
Remarks:	Did not induce evidence of chror	nosome damage in a	a mouse dominant lethal	
	oral gavage study conducted up to a high dose level of 10 grams/kg and in a mouse micronucleus test conducted up to a high dose of 5000 mg/kg. Negative in a male mouse spermatocyte cytogenetic assay with treatment for 5 days by oral gavage up to a high dose of 3000 mg/kg. Did not induce an increase in the frequency of chromosome damage in a Chinese hamster bone marrow cytogenetic test by oral gavage up to a high dose of 3300 mg/kg. Failed to induce an increase of DNA strand breaks in rat liver cells following oral gavage			
D' 1 1F 1' 1 ' 1 1 4	treatment with 500 mg/kg as mea			
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether,	-	In vitro; See	Positive	
reaction mass of isomers Remarks:	D' 1 1FD' 1 1-114 ' 1	Remarks	· .1 A /C 1 11	
Remarks.	Bisphenol F Diglycidylether induced gene-mutation in the Ames/Salmonella mutation test and chromosomal aberrations in human lymphocytes in multiple independent testing guideline GLP studies. Furthermore, the structural analog, Bisphenol A Diglycidylether (BPADGE) induce a significant increase of the mutant frequency in L5178Y mouse lymphoma cells in culture supporting the other findings. Therefore, BPFDGE is genotoxic in vitro. - In vivo; Negative Mammalian-			
		Animal		
Remarks:	When Bisphenol F Diglycidylether was evaluated for genotoxicity potential in multiple GLP in vivo assays including the mouse micronucleus, rat in vivo/in vitro UDS and MutaMouse tests no evidence of genotoxicity was observed. The results of other in vivo tests for genotoxicity also supported these negative findings for BPFDGE. Therefore, Bisphenol F Diglycidylether is not genotoxic in vivo.			
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	-	; Mammalian-	Negative	
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.		Human		

Remarks:	Positive in an O.E.C.D. test guide	eline no. 471 bacter	ial mutation assay in	
	Salmonella tester strain TA1535 with and without S9 metabolic activation.			
	Negative in an O.E.C.D. test guideline no. 476 Chinese hamster ovary cell			
	(CHO) HGPRT gene-mutation as	ssay conducted up to	o cytotoxic does levels	
	with and without S9 metabolic ac	ctivation. Negative	in a L5178Y mouse	
	lymphoma cell TK gene-mutation assay tested up to cytotoxic dose levels.			
	- ; Mammalian- Negative			
		Animal	_	
Remarks:	Negative for micronucleus (chron	nosome damage) in	duction in an O.E.C.D. test	
	guideline no. 474 mouse study conducted up to a high I.P. injection dose of 4.0			
	grams/kg. Negative in a rat bone marrow chromosome aberration study			
	conducted in a manner similar to O.E.C.D. test guideline no. 475 by I.P.			
	injection up to a high dose of app	proximately 700 mg	/kg.	

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
bis-[4-(2,3-	Negative -	See Remarks			
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	Unreported -				
	NOEL				
Remarks:	In a rat oral gavage OECD no. 453 study there was no evidence of				
	carcinogenicity up to the high dose level of 100 mg/kg/day. OECD Test				
	Guideline no. 4	53 dermal exposu	ire studies were co	onducted on male mice	
	and female rats.	No evidence of	carcinogenicity w	as observed in male	
	mice treated up to the high dose of 100 mg/kg/day and female rats exposed				
	up to a high dos	se level of 1000 m	ng/kg/day.		
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether,	Negative -	Mouse			
reaction mass of isomers	Dermal -				
	NOEL				
Remarks:	Bisphenol F Dig	glycidylether (BP	FDGE) was evalu	ated for the potential to	
	induce local and	d systemic tumors	s in a mouse skin-	painting 24 month study.	
	Dermal treatment of mice twice a week with up to a 10% solution of				
	Bisphenol F Diglycidylether (BPFDGE) did not induce any adverse				
	findings of tumor incidence or local dermal effects. Therefore, BPFDGE is				
	not a mouse carcinogen under the conditions of this study. The NOAEL				
	was estimated to	o be approximate	ly 800 mg/kg/day	•	

Reproductive toxicity

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
bis-[4-(2,3-	Negative -	Rabbit	-	-	
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	Oral				
Remarks:	BADGE did not induce any evidence of development toxicity in rats and				
	rabbits exposed by oral gavage or in rabbits treated by the dermal route in				
	OECD Test Guideline no. 414 GLP studies. The oral gavage studies were				
	conducted up to a high dose level of 180 mg/kg/day that produced maternal				
	toxicity base on decreased body weight gain. The rabbit dermal study was				
	conduced up to a high dose of 300 mg/kg/day that induced maternal				
	toxicity based or	n reduced body wei	ght gain.		
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether,	Negative -	Rabbit	_	-	
reaction mass of isomers	Dermal				
Remarks:				sted for its embryo/fetal	
	toxicity and teratogenicity in pregnant rabbits. DGEBPA was applied daily				
	to the backs (clipped free of hair) of New Zealand White rabbits at dose				
	levels of 0 (polyethylene glycol, vehicle control), 30, 100 or 300 mg/kg				
	body weight/day	y at a dose volume o	of 1 ml/kg body	weight/day on days 6	

	through 18 of gestation. Twenty six inseminated rabbits were used per dose group resulting in a minimum of 20 pregnant rabbits per exposure level. An occlusive bandage of absorbent gauze and non-absorbent cotton was placed over the dosing area on the back of each rabbit. The bandage was held in place for a minimum of 6 hours/day using a lycra/spandex jacket. Following the occlusion period the bandage and jacket were removed. Maternal toxicity was observed among pregnant rabbits in the 300 mg/kg dose group as evidenced by moderate to severe erythema, fissures, hemorrhage and slight edema at the exposure site. Similar, but less severe skin lesions were observed in pregnant rabbits in the 100 mg/kg/day exposure group. Skin effects (slight erythema) observed in pregnant rabbits in the 30 mg/kg/day dose group were not considered toxicicologically significant. No evidence of embryo/fetal toxicity or teratogenicity was observed at any dose level resulting in a embryo/fetal no-observed-effect			
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	Negative -	/kg body weight/day Rat	y. _	_
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	Dermal	Kut		
Remarks:	In a U.S. E.P. A. OTS 798.4420 and O.E.C.D. test guideline no. 414			
	developmental toxicity study conducted by the dermal route in the rat, the			
	NOAEL for both maternal and developmental adverse effects was greater			
	than the high do	se level of 200 mg/	kg/day.	

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available

Aspiration hazard

Not available

Information on likely routes of

exposure

Not available

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects: Not availablePotential delayed effects: Not available

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available
Potential delayed effects : Not available

Potential chronic health effects

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane				
	Acute LC50 1.3 mg/l - 203 Fish,	Fish - Fish	96 h	
	Acute Toxicity Test			
	Acute EC50 2.1 mg/l - 202 Daphnia	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h	
	sp. Acute Immobilization Test and	Water flea		
	Reproduction Test			
	Acute LC50 > 11 mg/l -	Aquatic plants - Algae	72 h	
	Chronic No-observable-effect-	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d	
	concentration 0.3 mg/l semi-static test	Water flea		
	211 Daphnia Magna Reproduction			
	Test			
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, re	eaction mass of isomers			
	Acute LC50 2.54 mg/l -	Fish - Fish	96 h	
	Acute EC50 2.55 mg/l - 202 Daphnia	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h	
	sp. Acute Immobilization Test and	Water flea		
	Reproduction Test			
	Acute EC50 $> 1,000 \text{ mg/l} - 201 \text{ Alga}$,	Aquatic plants - Algae	72 h	
	Growth Inhibition Test			
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkylox	xy)methyl] derivs.			
	Acute LC50 > 1.8 g/l - 203 Fish,	Fish - Rainbow	96 h	
	Acute Toxicity Test	trout,donaldson trout		
	Acute LC50 $> 5.0 \text{ g/l} - 203 \text{ Fish}$,	Fish - Bluegill	96 h	
	Acute Toxicity Test			
	Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l - 202 Daphnia	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h	
	sp. Acute Immobilization Test and	Water flea		
	Reproduction Test			
	Acute EC50 844 mg/l - 201 Alga,	Aquatic plants - Algae	72 h	
	Growth Inhibition Test			

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
bis-[4-(2,3-	OECD-	6 - 12 % - 28 d		Activated sludge
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]	Guideline 301 F			
propane	(Manometric			

	Respirometry			
	Test)			
Remarks:	The level of biode	The level of biodegradation in an "enhanced" OECD 301F study was 5% within		
		the 28 day contact period. Biodegradation reached 6 - 12 % after 28 days of		
	contact in an OECD test guideline no. 301B study. Therefore, BADGE is not			
	readily biodegrada	able under the condition	ons of the studies.	
Bisphenol F	OECD-	16 % - 28 d	10 mg/l	Activated sludge
diglycidyl ether,	Guideline 301 B			
reaction mass of	(CO2 Evolution			
isomers	Test)			
Remarks:	Bisphenol F Diglycidylether was not readily biodegradable under the conditions of			
	the O.E.C.D. 301 B and 301 D screening studies. The maximum percent			
	biodegradation observed in one of the O.E.C.D. 301 B studies was 16% for 10			
	mg/L at 28 days of contact.			
oxirane, mono[(C12-	OECD-	87 % - 28 d		Activated sludge
14-alkyloxy)methyl]	Guideline 301 F			
derivs.	(Manometric			
	Respirometry			
	Test)			

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
bis-[4-(2,3-	2.64 - 3.78	3 - 31 31.00	low
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane			
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether,	3.3	150 150.00	low
reaction mass of isomers			
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	3.77	160 - 263 160.00	low
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.			

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient : Not available

(KOC)

Mobility : Not available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : P: Not available

B: Not available T: Not available

vPvB : vP: Not available vB: Not available

12.6 Other adverse effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable

products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a

hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever

possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Regulatory information	14.1. UN number	14.2. UN proper shipping name	14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	14.4. Packing group
ADR/ADN	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXIDE DERIVATIVES)	9	III
RID	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXIDE DERIVATIVES)	9	III
ICAO/IATA	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXIDE DERIVATIVES)	9	III
IMO/IMDG	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXIDE DERIVATIVES)	9	III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous and/or Marine Pollutant : Yes.



14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 EPIKOTE[™] Resin MGS BPR 20 Page: 19/21

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Substances of very high concern

Carcinogen: Not listed Mutagen: Not listed

Toxic to reproduction: Not listed

PBT: Not listed vPvB: Not listed

Other EU regulations

REACH Status The substance(s) in this product has (have) been Registered, or are

exempted from registration, according to Regulation (EC) No.

1907/2006 (REACH).

Aerosol dispensers

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain

dangerous substances, mixtures

Not applicable. Not applicable.

and articles

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

None required.

AOX The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute

to the AOX value in waste water.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

E2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic 2

National regulations

Hazard class for water **Technical instruction on air**

quality control

WGK 2, Appendix No. 4 Number 5.2.5: 79.9 %

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS) All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ENCS) Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC) All components are listed or exempted. Korea inventory (KECI) All components are listed or exempted. New Zealand Inventory (NZIoC) All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS) All components are listed or exempted. United States inventory (TSCA 8b) All components are active or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (TCSI) All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand inventory Not determined. Vietnam inventory Not determined.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 EPIKOTE™ Resin MGS BPR 20

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Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule I Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule II Chemicals

Not listedNot listed

Chemical Weapons Convention

Not listedNot listed

List Schedule III Chemicals

: Not listed

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety

Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation

[Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Corr./Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H

statements

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin
	reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long
	lasting effects.

Full text of classifications

[CLP/GHS]

Skin Corr./Irrit. 2, H315	SKIN
	CORROSION/IRRITATION -
	Category 2
Skin Sens. 1, H317	SKIN SENSITISATION -
	Category 1
Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE
	IRRITATION - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-
_	TERM) - Category 2

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