

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FOR PROFESSIONAL and/or INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

EPIKURE™ Curing Agent MGS BPH20

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : EPIKURE[™] Curing Agent MGS BPH20

SDS Number : 300000034615

Product type : Curing Agent

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use Epoxy Resin Systems

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier/Impor : Hexion GmbH

ter Gennaer Str. 2-4

58642 Iserlohn Germany

Contact person : service@hexion.com

Telephone : General information +31 (0)10 295 4000

1.4

Emergency telephone number

Supplier : CARECHEM24 **Telephone number** : +44 (0) 1235 239 670

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Corr./Irrit. 1B H314 Eye Dam./Irrit. 1 H318

Skin Sens. 1 H317 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face

protection.

Avoid release to the environment.

Avoid breathing vapor.

Response : Collect spillage.

IF INHALED:

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

IF SWALLOWED:

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (or hair):

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF ON SKIN:

Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

IF IN EYES:

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients: Fatty Acids, C18-Unsatd., Dimers, Polymers with Tall-Oil Fatty

Acids and Triethylenetetramine

Triethylenetetramine

m-phenylenebis(methylamine)

Supplemental label elements Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

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Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable.

Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Fatty Acids, C18-Unsatd., Dimers, Polymers with Tall-Oil Fatty Acids and Triethylenetetramine	RRN: 01-2119972320- 44 EC: 500-191-5 CAS: 68082-29-1	>= 25 - <= 50	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
Triethylenetetramine	RRN: 01-2119487919- 13 EC: 292-588-2 CAS: 90640-67-8 Index: 612-059-00-5	>= 10 - <= 25	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
m- phenylenebis(methylamin e)	RRN: 01-2119480150- 50 EC: 216-032-5 CAS: 1477-55-0	>= 5 - <= 10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
salicylic acid	RRN: 01-2119486984- 17 EC: 200-712-3 CAS: 69-72-7	> 0 - < 3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361d	[1]
2-methylpentane-1,5-diamine	RRN: 01-2119976310- 41 EC: 239-556-6 CAS: 15520-10-2	> 0 - <= 3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	[1]

<u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the

concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first aid personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms

may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under

medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO2, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Additional information : Not available

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
- **6.4** Reference to other sections
- See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8 of SDS). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of SDS) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

German storage class: 8B

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available **Industrial sector specific** : Not available

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values	
Triethylenetetramine	DFG MAK-Werte Liste (2014-06-23)	
	Notes: Skin sensitizer	
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	DFG MAK-Werte Liste (2014-06-23)	
	Notes: Skin sensitizer	

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredie	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
nt name					
Fatty Acids, C18-	DNEL	Long term	3.9 mg/m^3	Workers	Systemic

Unsatd., Dimers, Polymers with Tall-Oil Fatty		Inhalation			
Acids and Triethylenetetrami ne					
Fatty Acids, C18- Unsatd., Dimers, Polymers with Tall-Oil Fatty Acids and Triethylenetetramine	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.1 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Fatty Acids, C18- Unsatd., Dimers, Polymers with Tall-Oil Fatty Acids and Triethylenetetramine	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.97 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
Fatty Acids, C18- Unsatd., Dimers, Polymers with Tall-Oil Fatty Acids and Triethylenetetramine	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.56 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
Fatty Acids, C18- Unsatd., Dimers, Polymers with Tall-Oil Fatty Acids and Triethylenetetrami ne	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.56 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

DNEL/DMEL Summary

: Not available

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
Fatty Acids, C18-Unsatd.,	PNEC	Fresh water	4.34 µg/l	Assessment
Dimers, Polymers with				Factors
Tall-Oil Fatty Acids and				
Triethylenetetramine				
Fatty Acids, C18-Unsatd.,	PNEC	Marine	0.434 μg/l	Assessment
Dimers, Polymers with				Factors
Tall-Oil Fatty Acids and				
Triethylenetetramine				
Fatty Acids, C18-Unsatd.,	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	3.84 mg/l	Assessment
Dimers, Polymers with				Factors
Tall-Oil Fatty Acids and				
Triethylenetetramine				
Fatty Acids, C18-Unsatd.,	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	434 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium
Dimers, Polymers with				Partitioning
Tall-Oil Fatty Acids and				
Triethylenetetramine				
Fatty Acids, C18-Unsatd.,	PNEC	Marine water sediment	43.4 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium
Dimers, Polymers with				Partitioning
Tall-Oil Fatty Acids and				
Triethylenetetramine				
Fatty Acids, C18-Unsatd.,	PNEC	Soil	86.78 mg/kg dw	Equilibrium

Dimers, Polymers with		Partitioning
Tall-Oil Fatty Acids and		
Triethylenetetramine		

PNEC Summary : Not available

Derived No-Effect Levels' (DNEL's) and Predicted No-Effect Concentrations' (PNEC's)

Explanatory note:

REACH requires manufacturers and importers to establish and report 'Derived No-Effect Levels' (DNEL's) for humans by inhalation, ingestion and dermal routes of exposure and 'Predicted No-Effect Concentrations' (PNEC's) for environmental exposure. DNEL's and PNEC's are established by the registrant without an official consultation process, and are not intended to be directly used for setting workplace or general population exposure limits. They are primarily used as input values in running Quantitative Risk Assessment models (like the ECETOC-TRA model).

Due to differences in calculation methodology the DNEL will tend to be lower (sometimes significantly) than any corresponding health-based OEL for that chemical substance. Further although DNEL's (and PNEC's) are an indication for setting risk reduction measures, it should be recognized that these limits do not have the same regulatory application as officially endorsed governmental OEL's.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Material: 730 Camatril

Minimum break through time: 480 min

Material: 898 Butoject

Minimum break through time: 480 min

Producer: This recommendation is valid only for our Product as delivered. If this product will be mixed with other substances you need to contact a supplier of CE approved protective gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Tel. 0049 (0) 6659 87300, Fax.

0049 (0) 6659 87155, email: vertrieb@kcl.de).

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based

on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures

should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this

product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator

that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be

checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be

necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Viscous liquid.

Color : Blue.

Odor : Amine-like.

Odor threshold:Not available (not measured)pH:Not available (not measured)Melting point/freezing point:Not available (not measured)

Initial boiling point and boiling : Greater than 200 °C

range

Flash point : Greater than 100 °C

Evaporation rate : Not available (not measured)

Upper/lower flammability or : **Lower:** Not available (not measured) **explosive limits** Upper: Not available (not measured)

Vapor pressure: Not available (not measured)Vapor density: Not available (not measured)Relative density: Not available (not measured)Solubility(ies): Not available (not measured)

Solubility in water : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available (not measured)

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available (not measured)Decomposition temperature: Not available (not measured)

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available (not measured)

Kinematic: Not available (not measured)

Explosive properties : Not available (not measured) **Oxidizing properties** : Not available (not measured)

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : Stable under normal conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Fatty Acids, C18-Unsatd., I	Dimers, Polymers w	ith Tall-Oil Fatty Aci	ids and Triethylenetetr	ramine	
	LC50 Dermal	Rat - male and	> 2,000 mg/kg	-	
		female	OECD Test		
			Guideline 402		
Triethylenetetramine	•				
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,716 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1,465 mg/kg	-	
m-phenylenebis(methylamir	ne)				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-	,
	LC50	Rat	3.89 mg/l	1 h	
	Inhalation				
	LC50	Rat	2.4 mg/l	4 h	
	Inhalation				
	LC50	Rat - Female	0.8 mg/l	4 h	
	Inhalation				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2,000 mg/kg	-	
salicylic acid					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	891 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 10,000 mg/kg	-	
2-methylpentane-1,5-diamir	ne	•		•	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,690 mg/kg	-	
	LC50	Rat	4.9 mg/l	1 h	
	Inhalation				

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation (gases)	Inhalation	Inhalation
			(gases)	(vapors)	(dusts and mists)

EPIKURE™ Curing Agent MGS BPH20	4,980.9 mg/kg	9,760.1 mg/kg	N/A	134.2 mg/l	122 mg/l
Triethylenetetramine	1,716 mg/kg	1,465 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A
m- phenylenebis(methylamine)	930 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	11 mg/l	N/A
salicylic acid	891 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methylpentane-1,5-diamine	1,690 mg/kg	1,100 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	1.5 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Fatty Acids, C18-Unsatd.,	431 In Vitro Skin	Human			-
Dimers, Polymers with Tall-	Corrosion: Human Skin Model Test				
Oil Fatty Acids and Triethylenetetramine	Skin Model Test				
Remarks:	Non-corrosive to skin				
Remarks:				Т	
	O.E.C.D. 439	Human			-
Remarks:	Causes skin irritation.				
	OECD Guideline	Cattle			-
	437 (Bovine				
	Corneal Opacity				
	and Permeability				
	Test Method for				
	Identifying Ocular				
	Corrosives and				
	Severe Irritants)				
Remarks:	Non-irritating to the e				
	eyes OECD-	Rabbit			504 hrs
	Guideline 405				
	(Acute Eye				
	Irritation/Corrosion)				
Remarks:	Causes eye irritation.				
Triethylenetetramine	eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Skin - Severe	Rabbit		24 hrs	_
	irritant	Kaoon		24 1118	
	eyes - Severe	Rabbit			-
	irritant				
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	Skin - Severe	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	irritant				
	eyes - Severe	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	irritant				
2-methylpentane-1,5-diamine	eyes - Severe	Rabbit			-
	irritant				
	Skin - Severe	Rabbit			-
	irritant				

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Fatty Acids, C18-Unsatd.,	Skin	Mouse	Sensitizing OECD
Dimers, Polymers with Tall-			Guideline 429 (LLNA)
Oil Fatty Acids and			
Triethylenetetramine			

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Fatty Acids, C18-Unsatd.,	OECD-Guideline 471 (Genetic	In vitro;	Negative
Dimers, Polymers with Tall-	Toxicology: Salmonella	Bacteria; with	
Oil Fatty Acids and	typhimurium, Reverse	and without	
Triethylenetetramine	Mutation Assay)		
	487 In vitro Micronucleus Test	In vitro;	Negative
		Mammalian-	
		Human; with	
		and without	
	Mouse Lymphoma Assay	In vitro;	Negative
	(OECD Guidline 476)	Mammalian-	
		Animal; with	
		and without	

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
Fatty Acids, C18- Unsatd., Dimers, Polymers with Tall-Oil Fatty Acids and Triethylenetetramine	Negative	Negative	Negative	Rat	Oral: 1000 mg/kg/d 422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction /Developmen tal Toxicity Screening Test	28 days 7 days per week

Teratogenicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-methylpentane-1,5-diamine	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available

Aspiration hazard

Not available

Information on likely routes of

: Not available

exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

EPIKURE[™] Curing Agent MGS BPH20

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

watering redness

Inhalation No specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Eye contact

Not available **Potential immediate effects** Potential delayed effects Not available

Long term exposure

Not available **Potential immediate effects** Potential delayed effects Not available

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
name				
Fatty Acids, C18-	NOAEL	Rat	1,000 mg/kg/d 422	28 days 7 days
Unsatd., Dimers,	Oral		Combined Repeated Dose	per week
Polymers with Tall-Oil			Toxicity Study with the	
Fatty Acids and			Reproduction/Developmental	
Triethylenetetramine			Toxicity Screening Test	

General Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity** No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards. Fertility effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure		
Fatty Acids, C18-Unsatd., Dim	Fatty Acids, C18-Unsatd., Dimers, Polymers with Tall-Oil Fatty Acids and Triethylenetetramine				
	Acute LC50 7.07 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Zebra danio	96 h		
	203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test				
	Acute EC50 7.07 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h		
	202 Daphnia sp. Acute	Daphnia			
	Immobilization Test and				
	Reproduction Test				
	Acute EC50 4.34 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants -	72 h		
	201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Pseudokirchneriella			
		subcapitata			

	Acute EC50 384 mg/l Fresh water 209 Activated Sludge, Respiration	Micro-organism - activated sludge,	3 h
	Inhibition Test	domestic (adaptation not specified)	
Triethylenetetramine			
	Acute LC50 33,900 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea	48 h
	Acute EC50 3,700 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Green algae	96 h
salicylic acid			
	Acute EC50 870 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h
	Chronic No-observable-effect-	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
name				
Fatty Acids, C18-	OECD-	0 - 70 % - 74 d	9 mg/l	Activated sludge
Unsatd., Dimers,	Guideline 301 B			
Polymers with Tall-	(CO2 Evolution			
Oil Fatty Acids and	Test)			
Triethylenetetramine				
	OECD-	19 % - 60 d	1 mg/l	Activated sludge
	Guideline 301			
	D (Closed			
	Bottle Test)			

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Triethylenetetramine	-1.661.4	-	low
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	0.18	2.69	low
salicylic acid	2.21 - 2.26	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient : Not available

(KOC)

Mobility : Not available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : P: Not available

B: Not available T: Not available

vPvB : vP: Not available

vB: Not available

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Regulatory information	14.1. UN number	14.2. UN proper shipping name	14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	14.4. Packing group
ADR/ADN	2735	POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Alkyletheramine)	8	II
RID	2735	POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Alkyletheramine)	8	II
ICAO/IATA	2735	POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Alkyletheramine)	8	II
IMO/IMDG	2735	POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Alkyletheramine)	8	II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous and/or Marine Pollutant : Yes.



14.6 Special precautions for user

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization Substances of very high concern

Carcinogen: Not listed

Mutagen: Not listed Toxic to reproduction: Not listed

PBT: Not listed **vPvB**: Not listed

Other EU regulations

REACH Status The substance(s) in this product has (have) been Registered, or are

exempted from registration, according to Regulation (EC) No.

1907/2006 (REACH).

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Aerosol dispensers Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures

and articles

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

None required.

AOX Not available

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Danger criteria

Category E2

E2

National regulations

Hazard class for water WGK 2,

Technical instruction on air Number 5.2.5: 33.9 %

quality control

International regulations

International lists Australia inventory (AICS) All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such

components are listed in NDSL.

Japan inventory (ENCS) Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC) All components are listed or exempted. Korea inventory (KECI) All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory (NZIoC) Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS) Not determined.

Taiwan inventory (TCSI) All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand inventory Not determined.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) Not determined. Vietnam inventory Not determined.

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule I Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals

: Not listed

: Not listed

: Not listed

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation

[Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Corr./Irrit. 1B, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and
	eye damage.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and
	eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin
	reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
Н335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the
	unborn child.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and
	eye damage.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and
	eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.

H317	May cause an allergic skin
	reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Н332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

	lasting effects.
Acute Tox. 4, H302	ACUTE TOXICITY oral -
	Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H312	ACUTE TOXICITY dermal -
	Category 4
Skin Corr./Irrit. 1A, H314	SKIN
	CORROSION/IRRITATION -
	Category 1A
Skin Corr./Irrit. 1B, H314	SKIN
	CORROSION/IRRITATION -
	Category 1B
Skin Corr./Irrit. 2, H315	SKIN
	CORROSION/IRRITATION -
Shin Sana 1 H217	Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION -
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Category 1
Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE
Eye Dam./IIII. 1, H516	IRRITATION - Category 1
Acute Tox. 4, H332	ACUTE TOXICITY inhalation -
Acute 10x. 4, 11332	Category 4
STOT SE 3, H335	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN
5101 52 5, 11333	TOXICITY - SINGLE
	EXPOSURE Respiratory tract
	irritation - Category 3
Repr. 2, H361d	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY -
	Category 2
Acute Tox. 4, H302	ACUTE TOXICITY oral -
	Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H312	ACUTE TOXICITY dermal -
	Category 4
Skin Corr./Irrit. 1A, H314	SKIN
	CORROSION/IRRITATION -
	Category 1A
Skin Corr./Irrit. 1B, H314	SKIN
	CORROSION/IRRITATION -
	Category 1B
Skin Corr./Irrit. 2, H315	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION
	Corrosion/IRRITATION -
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION -
SKIII SEIIS. 1, IIS1/	Category 1
Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE
Бус Раш./ПП. 1, П318	IRRITATION - Category 1
	IRRITATION - Caugory I

Acute Tox. 4, H332	ACUTE TOXICITY inhalation -
	Category 4
STOT SE 3, H335	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN
	TOXICITY - SINGLE
	EXPOSURE Respiratory tract
	irritation - Category 3
Repr. 2, H361d	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY -
	Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-
	TERM) - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-
	TERM) - Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-
	TERM) - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-
	TERM) - Category 3

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