

1.4 Emergency telephone number (0 41 01) 70 70 (08.00 - 17.00)

+43 1 406 43 43 (24 hrs)

Austria: Vergiftungsinformationszentrale

Switzerland: Swiss Toxicological Information Centre

+41 44 251 51 51 (in Switzerland dial 145) (24 hrs)

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 - Austria / Germany

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Hempel's Curing Agent 97430 9743000000, 00138856 Product identity:

Product type: Curing agent

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application: used only as part of two- or multi component products.

Ready-for-use mixture: (see base component)

Identified uses: Industrial applications, Professional applications, Used by spraying.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details: Hempel (Germany) GmbH

Haderslebener Straße 9

25421 Pinneberg

Tel. (0 41 01) 70 70 Fax. (0 41 01) 70 71 31 hempel@hempel.com

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Date of previous issue : 2 May 2023.

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification** 

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition:

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION Skin Irrit, 2, H315

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms:







Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention: Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking

Response: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Hazardous ingredients: xylene

butan-1-ol

2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol

Supplemental label elements: contains 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin. May produce an allergic reaction.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-

resistant fastenings:

Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

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#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result None known.

in classification:

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) N	No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
<b>∭</b> lene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 5000 ppm	[1] [2]
butan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	ATE [Oral] = 790 mg/kg	[1]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥5 - <10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 4500 ppm	[1] [2]
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	REACH #: 01-2119560597-27 EC: 202-013-9 CAS: 90-72-2	≥3 - <5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/kg	[1]
oleic acid, compound with (Z)- N-octadec-9-enylpropane- 1,3-diamine (2:1)	REACH #: 01-2119974119-29 EC: 251-846-4 CAS: 34140-91-5	≥1 - ≤2.4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	M [Acute] = 10	[1]
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	REACH #: 01-2119487919-13 EC: 203-950-6 CAS: 112-24-3 Index: 612-059-00-5	<1	Acute Tox. 3, H311 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 550 mg/kg	[1]
toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
(Z)-N-9-octadecenylpropane- 1,3-diamine	EC: 230-528-9 CAS: 7173-62-8	≤0.077	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text above.	of the H statements declared	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit, see section 8.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person.

If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 112 and give immediate

treatment (first aid).

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give nothing by mouth. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use

recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm Ingestion:

and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so

that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that

> fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion:

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation: No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: If gasses have been inhaled, from the decomposition of the product, symptoms may be delayed. Treat

symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested

or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.

Not to be used: waterjet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or

Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, mixture: a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous combustion products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all direct contact with the spilled material. Exclude sources of ignition and be aware of explosion hazard. Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Woid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should be used only in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. To dissipate static electricity during transfer, ground drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
<b>M</b> ene €	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] PEAK: 442 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.
butan-1-ol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Butanol (all isomers except 2-methyl-2-propanol)]  PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.  TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  PEAK: 600 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
ethylbenzene toluene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin.  CEIL: 880 mg/m³, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.  CEIL: 200 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.  TWA: 440 mg/m³, 8 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 100 ppm, 8 times per shift, 8 hours.  Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin.

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#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 190 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 380 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
<b>xy</b> lene	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 4/2023). [xylene] Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.  PEAK: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.  DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Xylene (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.  TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.  PEAK: 440 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
butan-1-ol	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 4/2023).  TWA: 310 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 310 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.  DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.  TWA: 310 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 310 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
ethylbenzene	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 4/2023). Absorbed through skin. PEAK: 176 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 40 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 88 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin. PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 176 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 88 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin toluene	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Skin sensitizer. TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 4/2023). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 190 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 380 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 190 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 380 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

#### Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **Derived effect levels**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Mene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.53 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.15 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
oleic acid, compound with (Z)-N-octadec-	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.0984 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
9-enylpropane-1,3-diamine (2:1)					
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	14 µg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.57 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
ĺ	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
toluene	DNEL	Long term Dermal	384 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
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### **Hempel's Curing Agent 97430**



#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

DNEL Long term Inhalation 192 mg/m³ Workers Systemic

#### Predicted effect concentrations

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
<b>M</b> lene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
v -	Marine water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.68 mg/l	-
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	-
•	Marine water	0.01 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	9.6 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg	-
	Soil	2.68 mg/kg	-
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Fresh water	0.084 mg/l	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Marine water	0.0084 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	0.2 mg/l	-
oleic acid, compound with (Z)-N-octadec- 9-enylpropane-1,3-diamine (2:1)	Fresh water	6.46 µg/I	-
o entripropune 1,0 diamine (2.1)	Marine water	0.646 µg/l	_
	Fresh water sediment	204 mg/kg dwt	_
	Marine water sediment	20.4 mg/kg dwt	_
	Soil	9.93 mg/kg dwt	_
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	Fresh water	190 µg/l	_
-, <u>-</u> ,,	Fresh water sediment	95.9 mg/kg	_
	Marine water	38 µg/l	_
	Marine water sediment	19.2 mg/kg	_
	Soil	19.1 mg/kg	_
	Sewage Treatment Plant	4.25 mg/l	_
toluene	Fresh water	0.68 mg/l	_
	Marine water	0.68 mg/l	_
	Sewage Treatment Plant	13.61 mg/l	_
	Fresh water sediment	16.39 mg/kg	_
	Marine water sediment	16.39 mg/kg	_
	Soil	2.89 mg/kg	_

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Arrange sufficient ventilation by local exhaust ventilation and good general ventilation to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors or dust lowest possible and below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

#### Individual protection measures

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be

worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact

with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.

Where personal protection equipment is required this shall be chosen in accordance with German BGR

regulations of the "Berufsgenossenschaften".

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking,

using lavatory, and at the end of day.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment

indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face

respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection: Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. The

quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific

workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.

Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the

appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:

Recommended: Silver Shield / Barrier / 4H gloves, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®

May be used: nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, butyl rubber

Short term exposure: natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl chloride (PVC)

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### **Hempel's Curing Agent 97430**



#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and

the risks involved handling this product.

Wear suitable protective clothing. Always wear protective clothing when spraying.

Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If working areas have insufficient ventilation: When the product is applied by means that will not generate an aerosol such as, brush or roller wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type A, when grinding use particle filter of type P. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid. Color: Transparent Odor: Solvent-like

pH: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Melting point/freezing point : Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Boiling point/boiling range: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Flash point: Closed cup: 26°C (78.8°F)

Evaporation rate: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Flammability: Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and

static discharge and heat.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits:

0.8 - 11.3 vol %

Vapor pressure: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Vapor density: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Specific gravity: 0.93 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Partition coefficient (LogKow): Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Auto-ignition temperature : Lowest known value: 355°C (671°F) (butan-1-ol).

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Decomposition temperature:

Viscosity: Aspiration hazard (H304) Not classified. Testing not relevant due to nature of the product.

Explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static Explosive properties:

discharge and heat.

Oxidizing properties: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

#### 9.2 Other information

Solvent(s) % by weight : Weighted average: 49 % Water % by weight : Weighted average: 0 %

VOC content: 459.2 q/l

TOC Content: Weighted average: 373 g/l Weighted average: 0.12 m³/l Solvent Gas:

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

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#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Accidental swallowing may cause stomach pain. Chemical lung inflammation may occur if the product is taken into the lungs via vomiting.

Direct contact with the eyes can cause irreversible damage, including blindness.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>M</b> lene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	6350 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>4200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3523 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1465 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2169 mg/kg	-
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	550 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1716 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral mg/kg	Dermal mg/kg	Inhalation (gases) ppm	Inhalation (vapors) mg/l	Inhalation (dusts and mists) mg/l
Hempel's Curing Agent 97430	4038.3	4219	16484.6	214.1	
xylene	3523	1100	5000		
butan-1-ol	790	3400		24	
ethylbenzene	3500		4500	11	
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1200				
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin		550			
(Z)-N-9-octadecenylpropane-1,3-diamine	500				

Irritation/Corrosion

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#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure
Mene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams
	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams
butan-1-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-
	Respiratory - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 milligrams
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 Micrograms
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams
-	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 100 milligrams
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams

#### Sensitizer

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

#### **Mutagenic effects**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Reproductive toxicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Teratogenic effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
putan-1-ol	Category 3 Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
oleic acid, compound with (Z)-N-octadec-9-enylpropane-	Category 2	oral	-
1,3-diamine (2:1)			
toluene	Category 2	-	-
(Z)-N-9-octadecenylpropane-1,3-diamine	Category 1	-	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
ethylbenzene toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

#### Potential chronic health effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Sensitization: Contains 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin. May produce an allergic reaction.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties : See Section 15 for details.

Other information: No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

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#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
butan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1328 mg/l	Daphnia	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.376 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Chronic NOEC <1000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	Acute EC50 84 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
•	Acute LC50 175 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
oleic acid, compound with (Z)-N- octadec-9-enylpropane-1,3-diamine (2:1)	Acute EC50 0.032 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 0.13 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	Acute EC50 20 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 31.1 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 330 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
toluene	Chronic NOEC <500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
(Z)-N-9-octadecenylpropane- 1,3-diamine	Acute EC50 0.05 mg/l	Algae	72 hours

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Mene	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric	90 - 98 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
	Respirometry Test			
	-	>60 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
butan-1-ol	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	92 % - 20 days	-	-
ethylbenzene	-	>70 % - Readily - 28 days	_	_
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)	OECD 301D 301D Ready	4 % - Not readily - 28 days	_	_
phenol	Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	, ,		
oleic acid, compound with (Z)-N-		66 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
octadec-9-enylpropane-1,3-diamine (2:1)	Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test			
toluene	-	100 % - Readily - 14 days	-	-
(Z)-N-9-octadecenylpropane-	OECD 301D Ready	66 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
1,3-diamine	Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test			
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodeg	radability
w/lene	-	-	Readily	
butan-1-ol	-	-	Readily	
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily	
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	-	-	Not readily	
oleic acid, compound with (Z)-N-octadec-9-enylpropane-1,3-diamine	-	-	Readily	
(2:1) toluene			Readily	
(Z)-N-9-octadecenylpropane-	[_	-  -	Readily	
1,3-diamine			rtodully	

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<mark>∭</mark> ene	3.12	8.1 - 25.9	low
butan-1-ol	1	3.16	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	0.219	-	low
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	-1.661.4	-	low
toluene	2.73	90	low
(Z)-N-9-octadecenylpropane-1,3-diamine	0.03	0.5	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient No know

No known data avaliable in our database.

(K<sub>oc</sub>): Mobility:

No known data avaliable in our database.

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#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	T	vPvB	vP	vB
This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.							

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

See Section 15 for details.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Residues of the product is listed as hazardous waste. Dispose of according to all state and local applicable regulations. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Spillage, remains, discarded clothes and similar should be discarded in a fireproof container.

European waste catalogue no. (EWC) is given below.

European waste catalogue (EWC): 08 01 11\*

#### **Packaging**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Transport may take place according to national regulation or ADR for transport by road, RID for transport by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for transport by air.

	14.1 UN / ID no.	14.2 Proper shipping name	14.3 Transı	port hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*		Additional information
ADR/RID Class	UN1263	PAINT	3		III	No.	Tunnel code (D/E)
IMDG Class	UN1263	PAINT	3		III	No.	Emergency schedules F-E, S-E
IATA Class	UN1263	PAINT	3		III	No.	-

PG\* : Packing group

Env.\*: Environmental hazards

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

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### **Hempel's Curing Agent 97430**



#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization - Substances of very high concern

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

Seveso category This product is controlled under the Seveso III Directive.

Seveso category

P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b

**National regulations** 

**Austria** 

VbF class : A II

Very dangerous flammable liquid.

Limitation of the use of organic

solvents:

Permitted.

Germany

Storage code: 3

Hazardous incident ordinance: This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Hazard class for water: 2

Technical instruction on air quality

control:

**TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 68.2%** 

TA-Luft Class II - Number 5.2.2: 25.7%

TA-Luft Class II - Number 5.2.5: 5.8% TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 0.1%

References: Other Rules:

- BGR 190 (Rules for the use of respiratory protective equipment)

- BGR 192 (Rules for the use of eye and face protection)

- BGR 195 (Rules for the use of gloves)

Switzerland

VOC content: 49.3 % (w/w)

National regulations Non-GHS

List name	Product/ingredient name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
FG MAC-values list	ethylbenzene	Ethylbenzene	K3, M3	-
witzerland Occupational Exposure Limits	toluene	Toluol	Dev. R2D	-

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment



#### SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

RRN = REACH Registration Number DNEL = Derived No Effect Level PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

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#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Full text of abbreviated H statements :	<mark>⊬</mark> 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
	H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
	H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H315	Causes skin irritation.
	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
	H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
	H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]:	Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
•	Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
	Aquatic Acute 1	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
	Aquatic Chronic 1	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
	Aquatic Chronic 2	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
	Aquatic Chronic 3	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
	Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
	Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
	Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
	Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	Repr. 2	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
	Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
	Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
	On basis of test data Calculation method
	Calculation method Calculation method

#### Notice to reader

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and EU and national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects for handling the product in a safe way and should not be construed as any guarantee of the technical preformance or suitability for particular applications.

It is always the duty of the user/employer to ascertain that the work is planned and carried out in accordance with the national regulations.

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